What is claimed is

- 1. A method of treating, preventing or reducing the risk of developing a menopause disorder in a mammal in need thereof, comprising administering to the mammal a menopause disorder effective amount of an orally deliverable pharmaceutically-acceptable sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent, and at least one of a non-orally deliverable pharmaceutically-acceptable steroid.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent is methyltestosterone.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the methyltestosterone is administered in the form of a tablet, capsule, cachet, lozenge, dispensable powder, granule, solution, suspension, emulsion or liquid.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the non-orally deliverable steroid is at least one of an androgen or an estrogenic steroid.
- 5. The method of claim 4 wherein the androgen is a steroid in the testosterone synthetic pathway.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the steroid is at least one of testosterone, androstenedione, androstenediol, dehydroepiandrosterone, prenenolone, and dihydrotestosterone.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the steroid is testosterone.
- 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the androgen is administered percutaneously.
- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the androgen is administered in the form of a hydroalcoholic gel.
- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the hydroalcoholic gel further comprises at least one of a lower alcohol, a penetration enhancer, and a thickener.

- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the lower alcohol is selected from the group consisting of ethanol, 2-propanol, and mixtures thereof.
- 12. The method of claim 10 wherein the enhancer is isopropyl myristate.
- 13. The method of claim 10 wherein the thickener is CARBOPOL®.
- 14. The method of claim 4 wherein the estrogenic steroid is estradiol.
- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the estrogenic steroid is administered percutaneously.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the estrogenic steroid is administered in the form of a hydroalcoholic gel.
- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein the hydroalcoholic gel further comprises at least one of a lower alcohol, and a thickener.
- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the lower alcohol is at least one of ethanol, 2-propanol, and mixtures thereof.
- 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the thickener is CARBOPOL®.
- 20. The method of claim 1 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are each provided as a separate component of a kit.
- 21. The method of claim 1 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 22. The method of claim 1 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are administered in a sequential manner.
- 23. The method of claim 1 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are administered in a substantially simultaneous manner.
- 24. The method of claim 1 further comprising at least one of a pharmaceutical agent for treating erectile dysfunction.

- 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the pharmaceutical agent is at least one of sildenafil citrate, pentoxifylline, yohimbine hydrocholoride, apomorphine, alprostadil, papavaerine, and phentolamine.
- 26. The method of claim 1 where the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent comprises about 0.2 mg to about 50.0 mg methyltestosterone, the steroid comprises about 0.1 g to about 100.0 g testosterone.
- 27. The method of claim 26 wherein the mammal achieve hormonal steady state levels of testosterone.
- 28. The method of claim 1 where the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent comprises about 0.2 mg to about 50.0 mg methyltestosterone, the steroid comprises about 0.1 g to about 100.0 g estradiol.
- 29. The method of claim 28 wherein the mammal achieve hormonal steady state levels of estradiol.
- 30. A kit comprising an orally deliverable sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and at least one of a non-orally deliverable steroid, wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid together make a menopause disorder effective amount.
- 31. The kit of claim 30 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent is methyltestosterone.
- 32. The kit of claim 30 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent is administered in the form of a tablet, capsule, cachet, lozenge, dispensable powder, granule, solution, suspension, emulsion or liquid.
- 33. The kit of claim 30 wherein the steroid is administered percutaneously.
- 34. The kit of claim 30 wherein the steroid is a steroid in the testosterone synthetic pathway.

- 35. The kit of claim 30 wherein the steroid is selected from the group consisting of testosterone, androstenedione, androstenediol, dehydroepiandrosterone, prenenolone, and dihydrotestosterone.
- 36. The kit of claim 35 wherein the steroid is testosterone.
- 37. The kit of claim 36 wherein the testosterone is administered percutaneously.
- 38. The kit of claim 30 wherein the steroid is an estrogenic steroid.
- 39. The kit of claim 38 wherein the estrogenic steroid is estradiol.
- 40. The kit of claim 39 wherein the testosterone is administered percutaneously.
- 41. The kit of claim 30 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent is present in an amount from about 0.2 mg to about 50.0 mg.
- 42. The kit of claim 30 wherein the steroid is present in an amount from about 0.1 mg to about 100.0 mg.
- 43. The kit of claim 30 further comprising at least one of a pharmaceutical agent for treating erectile dysfunction.
- 44. The kit of claim 43 wherein the agent for treating erectile dysfunction is selected from the group consisting of sildenafil citrate, pentoxifylline, yohimbine hydrocholoride, apomorphine, alprostadil, papavaerine, and phentolamine.
- 45. A method of treating, preventing or reducing the risk of developing a menopause disorder in a mammal in need thereof, comprising administering to the mammal in a combination therapy an orally deliverable pharmaceutically-acceptable sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent, and at least one of a non-orally deliverable pharmaceutically-acceptable steroids, wherein the amount of the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid together make a menopause disorder effective amount.
- 46. The method of claim 45 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent is methyltestosterone.

- 47. The method of claim 46 wherein the methyltestosterone is administered in the form of a tablet, capsule, cachet, lozenge, dispensable powder, granule, solution, suspension, emulsion or liquid.
- 48. The method of claim 47 wherein the non-orally deliverable steroid is at least one of an androgen or an estrogenic steroid.
- 49. The method of claim 48 wherein the androgen is a steroid in the testosterone synthetic pathway.
- 50. The method of claim 49 wherein the steroid is at least one of testosterone, androstenedione, androstenediol, dehydroepiandrosterone, prenenolone, and dihydrotestosterone.
- 51. The method of claim 50 wherein the steroid is testosterone.
- 52. The method of claim 51 wherein the androgen is administered percutaneously.
- 53. The method of claim 52 wherein the androgen is administered in the form of a hydroalcoholic gel.
- 54. The method of claim 53 wherein the hydroalcoholic gel further comprises at least one of a lower alcohol, a penetration enhancer, and a thickener.
- 55. The method of claim 54 wherein the lower alcohol is selected from the group consisting of ethanol, 2-propanol, and mixtures thereof.
- 56. The method of claim 54 wherein the enhancer is isopropyl myristate.
- 57. The method of claim 54 wherein the thickener is CARBOPOL®.
- 58. The method of claim 48 wherein the estrogenic steroid is estradiol.
- 59. The method of claim 58 wherein the estrogenic steroid is administered percutaneously.
- 60. The method of claim 59 wherein the estrogenic steroid is administered in the form of a hydroalcoholic gel.

- 61. The method of claim 60 wherein the hydroalcoholic gel further comprises at least one of a lower alcohol, and a thickener.
- 62. The method of claim 61 wherein the lower alcohol is at least one of ethanol, 2-propanol, and mixtures thereof.
- 63. The method of claim 62 wherein the thickener is CARBOPOL®.
- 64. The method of claim 45 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are each provided as a separate component of a kit.
- 65. The method of claim 45 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 66. The method of claim 45 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are administered in a sequential manner.
- 67. The method of claim 45 wherein the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent and the steroid are administered in a substantially simultaneous manner.
- 68. The method of claim 45 further comprising at least one of a pharmaceutical agent for treating erectile dysfunction.
- 69. The method of claim 64 wherein the pharmaceutical agent is at least one of sildenafil citrate, pentoxifylline, yohimbine hydrocholoride, apomorphine, alprostadil, papavaerine, and phentolamine.
- 70. The method of claim 41 where the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent comprises about 0.2 mg to about 50.0 mg methyltestosterone, the steroid comprises about 0.1 g to about 100.0 g testosterone.
- 71. The method of claim 70 wherein the mammal achieve hormonal steady state levels of testosterone.
- 72. The method of claim 41 where the sex hormone binding globulin synthesis inhibiting agent comprises about 0.2 mg to about 50.0 mg methyltestosterone, the steroid comprises about 0.1 g to about 100.0 g estradiol.

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73. The method of claim 72 wherein the mammal achieve hormonal steady state levels of estradiol.